BEST COPY Available

25X1

1 November 1948

INFORMATION REPORT

COUNTRY	Germany (Russ	ian Zone)			
SUBJECT	Agrarian Politics in the Soviet Zone				
PLACE	25X1	NO CHANGE IN CLASS.		_	
ACQUIRED		Class. Charaid So: 10	S	G	
DATE ACQUIRED		25X1 DPA Mass, 3 Ame 97 Auth: PPA 10 D 10		1	
NO QUINED	25X1	10-12-3		•	

NO. OF PAGES 1

DATE DISTR.

NO. OF ENCLS. (LISTED BELOW)

SUPPLEMENT TO 25X1
REPORT NO. 25

25X1

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE MATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEARING OF THE ESPIONAGE ACT SO U.S.C., 31 AND 32, AS AMENDED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW. REPRODUCTION OF THIS FORM IS PROHIBITED. HOWEVER, INFORMATION CONTAINED IN BODY OF THE FORM MAY BE UTILIZED AS DEFINED NECESSARY BY THE RECEIVING AGENCY.

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION FOR THE RESEARCH USE OF TRAINED INTELLIGENCE ANALYSTS

25X1

On 6 October 1948, the anniversary of the initiation of the land reform, Edwin Hörnle, head of the Central Administration for Agriculture and Forestry, gave staff directives for handling the present agrarian political problems. The main points he stressed were as follows:

- 1. He considered that a profitable agricultural unit must be at least 200 hectares in size.
- 2. Staff members should avoid discussing and explaining the economic effects of the land reform.
- 3. The only reason that could be given as a justification for having carried out the land reform, was the urgent need in 1945 for providing some means of livelihood for the many refugees from east of the Oder-Neisse line.
- 4. They must bear in mind that the land reform had had undesirable political repercussions. Independent farmers, whose number had been increased considerably by the land reform, were able to resist political influence and control.
- 5. They must aim toward the goal of transferring the majority of the population of the eastern zone into the city industrial areas; they must try to recruit new blood for the industrial trades, and thereby prevent the increase of the rural population.
- 6. Wherever it proves impossible to transfer the rural population into industrial areas, then an attempt must be made to infiltrate the area with people of the industrial laboring class.

25X1

	2EV4		¬
5X1	25X1		this is the beginning of a
and the same		propaganda campaign for the formation	n of kolkhozes.
5X1		the land reform is so	well established that it will
		be very difficult to reorganize large	sarioulturel units and that
-		the farrers will not be very product:	ive if they are only the slaves
	A Super and Market	40.3	
	STATE .	NAVY Approved For Release 2004/04/15 STRIBUTION	5 0009-8
	ARMY 7	X AIR X	